

Holy Cross College (Autonomous)

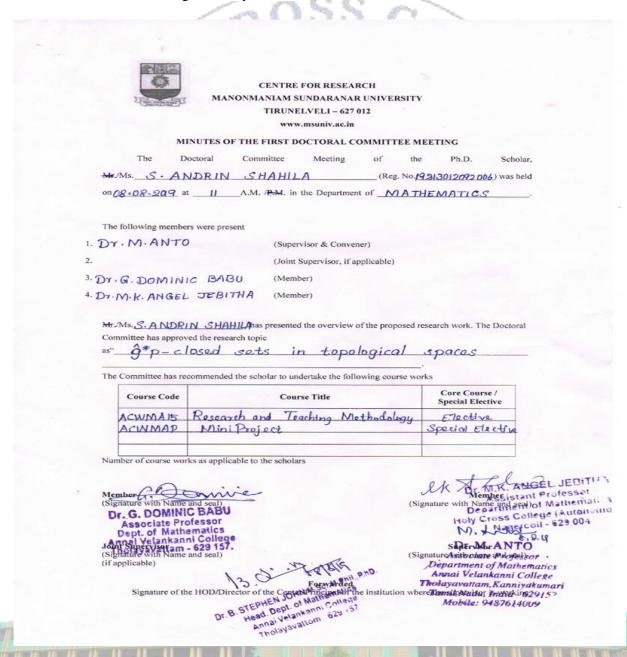
Nagercoil-629 004

Affiliated to Manonmaniam Sundaranar University, Tirunelveli Nationally Accredited with A+ Grade (CGPA 3.35) by NAAC IV Cycle An ISO 9001:2015 Certified Institution SSR 2019-2020 to 2023-2024

3.7.1 Number of functional MoUs/linkages with institutions/ industries in India and abroad for internship, on-the-job training, project work, student / faculty exchange and collaborative research during 2019-2020

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS AIDED

- 1. Research Collaboration Doctoral Committee Member
- a. Annai Velankani College, Tholayavattam



a. Women's Christian College, Nagercoil.

16

R			
		ARCH MANONMANIAM SU UNELVELI - 627 012 www.m	
24	INUTES OF THE FIR	ST DOCTORAL COMMITT	EE MEETING
	Dectoral Committ		the Ph.D. Scholar,
SAME S.			19213042092014
		in the Department of Mar	Paratice
on 18. 1.80/9 m	10.30 AM.	in the Department of TVICI	murrence.
The following member		L-0-	
Dr. S. Suy	i tha	Supervisor & Convener)	•
2 -		loint Supervisor, if applicable)	
Dr. J Befy	Minne (Member)	
Or. 7. Anil		Member)	
	0		
MT/MK. S. SO.	BIVE has pres	ented the overview of the propose	ed research work. The Doctoral
Committee has approv	ed the research topic	11. 0	e- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
= A Stu	dy on Gre	odetic Concer	ots in Graph Theory.
The Committee has me	commended the cabolar	to undertake the following cour	To works
The Committee has re-	commended the serious	to undertake the following cour	Core Course /
Course Code		Course Title	
			Special Elective
ACWMADA	Advanced	Graph Theory	Core Course
ACHMAP	Mini Proje	ict.	Care Course
	vorks as applicable to th	e scholars	T Shithar Baby.
DY BEAU	MINNIE		Dr. T. ANITHA BABY, MEMA
Mchesistant Pi	rofessor		AVeniber
Perantmentintal Hely Cross College			Department of Mathe
Nagercoll - 6	329 004		Women's Christian College Nageree P. 021 001
	2*		(a)Dujan / 1
Joint Supervisor (Signature with Nam	ne and scal)	. 1	Dr. S. SUJITHA, M. Scieber M. Phil. Ph. U. (Sigas water it Professor. scal)
(if applicable)	シル	1. Aul Flower Hay	Benedicated Mathematics
	Dr.	V. M. ARUL FLOWER	High Class Cellege (Autonomous)
Signature of the		Head of the Rasearch	GUILA's the appetainor is morking
	(Department of Methon bly Cross College (Auto	natica,
-	п	Nagercoll - 629 00	4.

a. Women's Christian College, Nagercoil.



CENTRE FOR RESEARCH MANONMANIAM SUNDARANAR UNIVERSITY TIRUNELVELI - 627 012 www.msuniv.ac.in

M	IINUTES OF THE FIR	ST DOCTORAL C	оммітті	EE MEET	ING		
	Octoral Committee			the	Ph.D. 920 50420) wa		
on 12-09-2019 M	11.30_A.M. /P.M.	in the Department o	r_MATH	EMAT	ICS / H	OLY CROSS	COLLEGE
						NAGER	COIL
The following member	ers were present						
DY. V. M. ARUL	FLOWER MARY	Supervisor & Conve	ner)				
		Joint Supervisor, if a	pplicable)				
Dr. M.K. ANGI	EL TEBITHA (Member)					
DY T. ANITH	A BABY (Member)					
Committee has approv	DY ON TRI						
The Committee has rec	commended the scholar	to undertake the follo	owing cours	se works			
Course Code		Course Title			Core Course Special Electi		

Course Code	Course Title	Core Course / Special Elective
AC WMA04	Advanced Graph Theory	Core course
ACWMAP	Mini Project	4 31

Number of course works as applicable to the scholars

hek ANGEL JEBITHA anne with Name and seal) Assistant Professel

Department of Mathematics Holy Cross College (Autonomous) Nagercoil - 629 004

Joint Supervisor (Signature with Name and seal) (if applicable)

7. H. And Thouse Han Forwarded-Signature of the HOD/Director Stille Control Winging A Hy institution where the parties of the Hodge Authonomous

M.Sc., M. Phil., Ph.D., Head of the Research Centre,

Department of Mathematics, Holy Cross College (Autonomous), Nagercoll - 629 004.

DY. T. ANITHA BABY T. ANITHA BABY, M.S. MPEL MIO Ph.D.

Assista Mephslessor (Signaturn with Name and seal) Women's Christian College Nagercoil - 629 00

Dr. V. M. ARUL FLOWER MARY, (Signature with name and se

M.Sc.,M.Phil.,Ph.D., Head of the Research Centre,

Holy Cross College (Autonomous), Nagercoil - 629 004.

a. Nesamony Memorial Christian College, Marthandam



(1



CENTRE FOR RESEARCH MANONMANIAM SUNDARANAR UNIVERSITY, TIRUNELVELI, 627012; TAMILNADU, INDIA WWW. nsuniv.ac.i 1

MINUTES OF THE I	OCTORAL COMMITT	EE MEETING	N FOR CONFLIC	WATTON	•
The Doctoral Ms. B. Chenthi Il time-Internal Department/Institution of	Committee Meeting Rampas held on 2711 Amount as held on 2711 Amount as present	ng of (Reg.No	the Ph.D 313320 11.30 083 College	92001/Mod	r, de in
Dr. S. Sujt Dr. S. Sujt Dr. A. Nijaya Dr. A. Vijaya Mr. Ms. R. Chortfall economended by the Doctor	el Jebitha	(Joint Super (Member 1) (Member 2)	visor)	following country the course w	rse works
Sl.No Course	Course title		Credits	Category	Marks
NA	search Meth	regulation		Fulltime-1 Fulltime-	
3 4				CGPA	

COE signed result sheet of the course works should be duly attested by the Supervisor with seal. presentation

seminar to the faculty members and research scholars. The completed Scholar had attendees list is enclosed herewith. The committee also evaluated the research work carried out by the scholar and satisfied / not catiofied with the performance of the scholar. Hence the Committee recommends / not recommends of Provisional registration of the scholar in the Faculty , and permits / net permits the scholar to proceed with his/her confirmation

research work

Joint Supervisor (Signature with Name and Seal) (if applicable)

Supervisor
(Signature with Name and Seal)
Dr. S. SUJITHA, M.Sc., B.Ed., M.Phil., Ph.O. Assistant Professor, Department of Mathematics Holy Cross College (Autonomous) Nagercoll - 629 004.

a. Scott Christian College (Autonomous), Nagercoil.



CENTRE FOR RESEARCH
MANONMANIAM SUNDARANAR UNIVERSITY,
TIRUNELVELI, 627012, TAMILNADU, INDIA
www.msunly.ac.ln

MINUTES OF THE DOCTORAL COMMITTEE MEETING FOR CONFIRMATION OF PROVISIONAL REGISTRATION

Mr. Ms. P. Selva Renuka	eting of the Ph.D. Scholar. (Reg.No. 181231520922244Mode
Part time Internal was held on 31/01, the Department Institution of Holy Cross	12020 at 1.15 AMPM in .
The following members were present	0
2.	(Supervisor & Convener) (Joint Supervisor)
Dr. V.S. Isine Sheda Dr. V.M. And Flower Mary	(Member 1) ((Member 2)
Mr. Ms. P. Belva Renuka has recommended by the Doctoral Committee. He/ She has	(Member 2) successfully completed the following course works obtained the following grades in the course works.

SLNo	Course Code	Course title	Credits	Category	Grade / Marks
1		Mini Project - Cartesian			
2		Product of a Hupmaraph am			80
3		Directed Huperaraph			100
4		- Jangoria			
		77		CGPA	

COE signed result sheet of the course works should be duly attested by the Supervisor with seal.

The scholar had completed the first hunseminary presentation on Cartesian Product of Hypergraph and to the faculty members and research scholars. The attendees list is enclosed herewith. The committee also evaluated the research work carried out by the scholar and satisfied / not satisfied with the performance of the scholar. Hence the Committee recommends / not recommends the confirmation of Provisional registration of the scholar in the Faculty of Dr. M. K. Angul Jehitha, and permits / not permits the scholar to proceed with his/her research work

Joint Supervisor (Signature with Name and Seal) (if applicable) Supervisor
(Signature with Name and Seal)

Dr. M.K. ANGEL JEBITRA,
M.Sc., M.Phil., S.Ed., Ph.D.
Assistant Professor.
Department of Mathematics
Holy Cross College (Autonomous)
Nagercoll - 629 004.

Holy Cross College (Autoromous) Negercoit - 629 004

6. Research Collaboration - Doctoral Committee Member

- a. S. T. Hindu College, Nagercoil
- **b.** T.D.M.N.S College, T. Kalikulam

Nagercoll



CENTRE FOR RESEARCH MANONMANIAM SUNDARANAR UNIVERSITY, TIRUNELVELI, 627012, TAMILNADU, INDIA www.msuniv.ac.in

MINUTES OF THE SECOND DOCTORAL COMMITTEE MEETING

The	Doctoral	Committee	Meeting	of	the	Ph.D.	Scholar,
Mr.Ms. J.	ANNE MA	RY LEEMA	(Rep	No.18	223162	C2027	/Mode
Plat time	Internal) =	as held on 04	103/2020	15	11-15	A	M/PM in
the Department	/Jesotitution of_	Mathemati	CO. S.T.	Hindu	College	Nager	wil.
The following					J.	0	
LJn.V	Inch - M-	Flower Ma	xy (Su	pervisor i	& Convene	1)	
2 Dr. 1	B uma 3	Devi	Uni	et Sapen	iner)		
3.33 . 1	M. K. Ange	1 Jebisha	(Me	mber 1)			
		alusa	Ote	mber 23			
		BY LEEMA	has success	fully over	pleted the t	following co	serse works
encummended l	by the Doctoral	Committee 44e/ 9	he has obtaine	of the fall	owine send	es in the co	orae morks

SLNe	Course	Course title	Credin	Category	Grade
1	ACMINACT	Commutative Alsehva	- De		A+
2	ACMMANA	Advanced Analysis*	Le		Α.
3	Actionadors.	Banach Abelian and Speciaal Throng	la.		Α.
4		Mary Payers	14		9.6
			1 '	CGPA	

COE signed result sheet of the course works should be duly attented by the Supervisor with seal.

The	scholar	had co	respleted	12500	first	HERMITTAN	presentation	6368
0.000	1/2020		so the	faculty m	bembers and	research schol	hars. The attendees	
Test is op-	clined herewith.	The committee	also evaluat	ed the rese	arch work co	erried out by the	e scholar and	
natisfied	/ not satisfied wi	ith the performa	nce of the w	sholar, Hen	ce the Comn	ince permits	not permits the	
	to prouped, with							
	May	1						-17
	C Plan						PLX 2	
Dr.	V. Hary	Gleeta				D.	M. W. ANGEL	JERITHA.
Am	The second second second	ofessor				Di	M. St. M.	be become
Denne	theast of Mo	officers to file on					Assistant Prof	100 A 100 A
TRMBS	College, T.Kallii	halam . E22 121					Department of Ma	athematic *
-	-	- BEY \$1.				H	Joly Cross College (Automor
	000					21.4	1. Haul Has	as Harry
	2 Honas	de				W-7	Supervisor	-17
	name to other case					100		0
	re with Name and	3 5cml)		2	V -3	(5 tgs	usture with Name and	f Sea()
	(if applicable)			11		De	V.M. ARUL FI	OWED MARY
	UMA DEVI, N		10	41			Associate Profes	
	Associate Pi	rofessor		Arv	VO.		Department of i	
De	pt. of Math	hematics.		Made .			by Cross Colleg	
5	T. HINDU C	OLLEGE,	-	- Blitte	Brostek.	fimi	Nauercoit -	

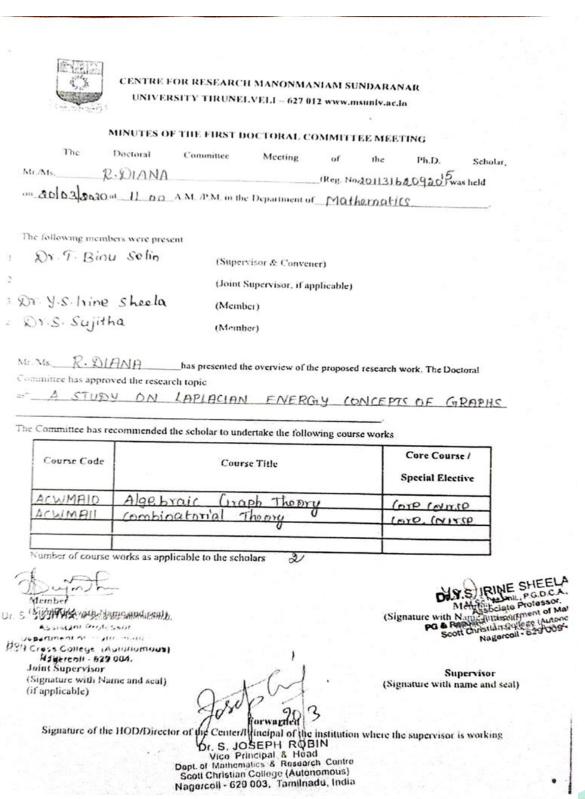
Dr. A. Vijdydlek Sfirmi Associate Professor & Head Department of Mathematics S.T. Hindu College, Nagercall Tamil Mahu - 923 002



a. S. T. Hindu College, Nagercoil.

CENTRE FOR RESEARCH MANONMANIAM : UNIVERSITY TIRUNELVELI – 627 012 www	SUNDARANAR r.msuniv.ac.in
MINUTES OF THE FIRST DOCTORAL COMMIT	TIFF MEETING
The Doctoral Committee Meeting of	NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY.
was of a state of	the Ph.D. Scholar.
on 19.03. 2030st 11.00 A.M. /P.M. in the Department of Mo	No. 2012315209) was held
The second of Management of Ma	athomatics
The following members were present	
1 00 d V:- 011 .	
(Joint Supervisor, if applicable))
3. Dr. V. Nagarajan (Member)	
4. Dr. V. Bujín flower (Member)	
The Committee has recommended the scholar to undertake the following course Course Code Course Title	Core Course /
OCUMANIA OLIVIA I	Special Elective
ACWMADL Advanced graph Thenry ACWMADL Commutative Algebra	CORE COURSE
The state of the s	Core Course
Number of course works as applicable to the scholars	
History Assistant	Professor,
Signature with Staine and Selet) Holy Cross College	Member Member
Asst. Professor of Mathematics.	90 (Authoratius with Name and seal)
Asst. Professor of Mathematics Department of Mathematics S.T. Hindu College, Navers	90 (Authonomy with Name and seal) 629004 Dr. A. Vijayalekshi
Member, (Signature with Natific and Selit) Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Department of Mothematics S.T. Hindu College, Nagureor Joint Supervisor (Signature with Name and seal)	Member 90 (Auxinamouss with Name and seal) 629004 Dr A Vijayalekshi 639014 Copie riment of Mathemati Supervision College, Nageroo
Operatment of Holy Cross College Nagercoll Asst. Professor of Mathematics Department of Mathematics S.T. Hindu College, Nagercoll Joint Supervisor	Member 90 (Authorities) with Name and seal) 62900. Dr. A. Vijayalek shi
Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Department of Mathematics, Dint Supervisor (Signature with Name and seal) (if applicable) Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Department of Mathematics S.T. Hindu College, Nagercor Joint Supervisor (Signature with Name and seal)	Member (Auximentury with Name and seal) 62900. Dr A Vijayalek shi 1 Sectiate Professor & He. Opter Michil of Mathemati Supervision College, Nagerco (Signature with name mibbled) - 629 002
Member, (Signature with Name and Self) Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Department of Mathematics S.T. Hindu College, Nagercor Joint Supervisor (Signature with Name and seal) (if applicable) Signature of the HOD/Director of the Senser Control of Mathematics Signature of the HOD/Director of the Senser Control of Mathematics Signature of the HOD/Director of the Senser Control of Mathematics Signature of the HOD/Director of the Senser Control of Mathematics Signature of the HOD/Director of the Senser Control of Mathematics Signature of the HOD/Director of the Senser Control of Mathematics Signature of the HOD/Director of the Senser Control of Mathematics Signature of the HOD/Director of the Senser Control of Mathematics Signature of the HOD/Director of the Senser Control of Mathematics Signature of the HOD/Director of the Senser Control of Mathematics Signature of the HOD/Director of the Senser Control of Mathematics Signature of the HOD/Director of the Senser Control of Mathematics Signature of the HOD/Director of the Senser Control of Mathematics Signature of the HOD/Director of the Senser Control of Mathematics Signature of the HOD/Director of the Senser Control of Mathematics Signature of the HOD/Director of the Senser Control of Mathematics Signature of the HOD/Director of the Senser Control of Mathematics Signature of the HOD/Director of the Senser Control of Mathematics Signature of the HOD/Director of the Senser Control of Mathematics Signature of the HOD/Director of the Senser Control of Mathematics Signature of the HOD/Director of the Mathe	Member (Auximentury with Name and seal) 62900. Dr A Vijayalek shi 1 Sectiate Professor & He. Opter Michil of Mathemati Supervision College, Nagerco (Signature with name mibbled) - 629 002
Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Department of Mathematics, Dint Supervisor (Signature with Name and seal) (if applicable) Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Department of Mathematics S.T. Hindu College, Nagercor Joint Supervisor (Signature with Name and seal)	Member 90 (Authoromotors, with Name and seal) 629004

a. Scott Christian College (Autonomous), Nagercoil



DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY

- 1. Research Collaboration: Doctoral Committee Member
- a. Scott Christian College (Autonomous), Nagercoil

- 10	The state of the s	OR RESEARCH MANONMANIAM S SITY TIRUNELVELI – 627 012 www			
- 1	- Company of	THE FIRST DOCTORAL COMMIT	TTEE MEETING		
- 100	The Doctoral	Committee Meeting of		nafes.	
	Mr.Ms BENILA S		No 1921216203358 held		
		A.M. P.M. in the Department of			
-	OF OF WALT				
	The following members were prese	nt			
-	1 Dr R Ragel Mabel Saro	a (Supervisor & Convener)			
	2.	(Joint Supervisor, if applicab	ile)		
_	3 Do J Prema Kumari	(Member)			
-	4. Dr. R. Giladis Latha	(Member)			
	MIMS BENILA S	has presented the overview of the pro	posed research work. The Doctor	ral	
_	Committee has approved the research				
	DE PHYTOCHEMICAL		PHARMACOGINDSLIC		
_	STUDY OF COST		· course works		
-	The Committee has recommended the	ne scholar to undertake the following			
-	Course Code	Course Title	Core Course	:1	
	Course Code		Special Elect	ive	
	Action Character	na to graphy			
_	ACWCHO Chron				
_	ACMINI				
_					
-	Number of course works as appli	cable to the scholars	0	1	
_	Λ Ο		ik. C	al de	
_	Mambar Bossate	onan'	9	Member	
_	(Signature with Name and seal)		(Signature with	Name and seal)	
-	Dr. J. PREMA KUMARI M Sc M Phil	Ph.D.	R 6	hladis Latha	
-	Dept of Chemister		dule Pen	es College (Au)	
-	Scott Christian College (Autonomol Nagero oil - 3	us)	200	ageal Mabal days	
-	Joint Supervisor (Signature with Name and seal)		(Signature wit	ib pame and seal AROJA Ph.C	
-	(if applicable)			HEAT	
- 100	570.00		apanii	Christian College (Autonomous)	
-		Forwarded	Section of the constraint	Christian Conege (1903)	
_	Signature of the HOD/Directo	Forwarded r of the Center/Principal of the in	istitution where the supervi	SOL 13 WORKING	
-				The second second	
Home					
- W W W W W W W W W W W W W W W W W W W					ST.
				11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	
A STATE	THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF T		THE REAL PROPERTY.	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
111					
		THE PARTY OF THE P			
		STORY OF THE PARTY			
		District Control	NO THE OWNER OF THE OWNER		

a. Scott Christian College (Autonomous), Nagercoil

	RE FOR RESEARCH MANONMANIAM SU VERSITY TIRUNELVELI - 627 012 WWW.400	
The Doctoral	Committee Meeting of usha Rijalia (Reg No. A.M. /P.M. in the Department of	the Ph.D. Belleter,
Dr. J. prema Ku	(Joint Supervisor & Convener) (Joint Supervisor, if applicable)	
Mr. Als J. Anula R. Committee has approved the reast	aialinhas presented the overview of the proposed	Radioactivity
The Committee has recommend	Dedirments of Konya	alkumari District
Course Code	Course Title	Cure Course / Special Elective
Course Code	Course Title Chromatography Biasynthosis and Applications Thetal Nanopa	Special Elective Elective Fleching

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS

- 1. Research Collaboration Joint Author Publication
- a. Applied Mathematics and Information Technical University, Kerala.

CUBO A Mathematical Journal Vol. 21, No. 02, (15-35). August 2019

Z_k -Magic Labeling of Path Union of Graphs

P. JEVANTHI¹ K. JEVA DAISY² AND ANDREA SEMANICOVÁ-FEŇOVČÍKOVÁ³

¹Research Centre, Department of Mathematics, Govindammal Aditanar College for Women, Tiruchendur 628215, Tamilnadu, India jeyajeyanthi@rediffmail.com

²Department of Mathematics, Holy Cross College, Nagercoil, Tamilnadu, India jeyadaisy@yahoo.com

³ Department of Applied Mathematics and Informatics, Technical University, Košice, Slovak Republic andrea. fenovcikova@tuke.sk

ABSTRACT

For any non-trivial Abelian group A under addition a graph G is said to be A-magic if there exists a labeling $f: E(G) \to A - \{ \mathbf{U} \}$ such that, the vertex labeling f^+ defined as $f^+(v) = \sum f(uv)$ taken over all edges uv incident at v is a constant. An A-magic graph G is said to be Z_k -magic graph if the group A is Z_k , the group of integers modulo k and these graphs are referred as k-magic graphs. In this paper we prove that the graphs such as path union of cycle, generalized Petersen graph, shell, wheel, closed helm, double wheel, flower, cylinder, total graph of a path, lotus inside a circle and n-pan graph are Z_k -magic graphs.



a. Govindammal Aditanar Women's College, Tiruchendur

Palestine Journal of Mathematics

Vol. 8(2)(2019), 400-412

O Palestine Polytechnic University-PPU 2019

Some Results on Z_k -Magic Labeling

P. Jeyanthi and K. Jeya Daisy

Communicated by Ayman Badawi

MSC 2010 Classifications: 05C78.

Keywords and phrases: A-magic labeling, Z_k -magic labeling, k-magic graph, shell, generalised Jahangir, double wheel, splitting graph.

Abstract For any non-trivial abelian group A under addition a graph G is said to be A-magic if there exists a labeling $f: E(G) \to A - \{0\}$ such that, the vertex labeling f^+ defined as $f^+(v) = \sum f(uv)$ taken over all edges uv incident at v is a constant. An A-magic graph G is said to be \mathbb{Z}_k -magic graph if the group A is \mathbb{Z}_k the group of integers modulo k and these graphs are referred as k-magic graphs. In this paper we prove that shell graph, generalised jahangir graph, $(P_n + P_1) \times P_2$ graph, double wheel graph, mongolian tent graph, flower snark, slanting ladder, double step grid graph, double arrow graph and semi jahangir graph are k-magic and also prove that if the graph G is k-magic with magic constant 0 then the splitting graph of G is k-magic.

1 Introduction

Graph labeling is currently an emerging area in the research of graph theory. A graph labeling is an assignment of integers to vertices or edges or both subject to certain conditions. A detailed survey was done by Gallian in [6]. If the labels of edges are distinct positive integers and for each vertex v the sum of the labels of all edges incident with v is the same for every vertex v in the given graph then the labeling is called a magic labeling. Sedláček [8] introduced the concept of A-magic graphs. A graph with real-valued edge labeling such that distinct edges have distinct non-negative labels and the sum of the labels of the edges incident to a particular vertex is same for all vertices. Low and Lee [7] examined the A-magic property of the resulting graph obtained from the product of two A-magic graphs. Shiu, Lam and Sun [9] proved that the product and composition of A-magic graphs were also A-magic.

For any non-trivial Abelian group A under addition a graph G is said to be A-magic if there exists a labeling $f: E(G) \to A - \{0\}$ such that, the vertex labeling f^+ defined as $f^+(v) = \sum f(uv)$ taken over all edges uv incident at v is a constant. An A-magic graph G is said to be Z_k -magic graph if the group A is Z_k , the group of integers modulo k. These Z_k -magic graphs are referred to as k-magic graphs. Shiu and Low [10] determined all positive integers k for which fans and wheels have a Z_k -magic labeling with a magic constant 0. Motivated by the concept of A-magic graph in [8] and the results in [7], [9] and [10] Jeyanthi and Jeya Daisy [1]-[5] proved that the open star of graphs, subdivision graphs, cycle of graphs and some standard graphs admit Z_k -magic labeling. In this paper we prove that shell graph, generalised jahangir graph, $(P_n + P_1) \times P_2$ graph, double wheel graph, mongolian tent graph, flower snark, slanting ladder, double step grid graph, double arrow graph and semi jahangir graph are k-magic and also prove that if the graph G is k-magic with magic constant 0 then the splitting graph of G is k-magic. We use the following definitions in the subsequent section.

Definition 1.1. A shell S_n is the graph obtained by taking n-3 concurrent chords in a cycle C_n . The vertex at which all the chords are concurrent is called the apex. Definition 1.2. A generalised Jahangir graph $J_{k,s}$ is a graph on ks+1 vertices consisting of a cycle C_{ks} and one additional vertex that is adjacent to k vertices of C_{ks} at distance s to each other on C_{ks} . Definition 1.3. The Cartesian product $(P_n + P_1) \times P_2$ is a graph with the vertex set $V((P_n + P_1) \times P_2) = \{u, u_i, v, v_i : 1 \le i \le n\}$ and the edge set $E((P_n + P_1) \times P_2) = \{uu_i, vv_i, u_iv_i : 1 \le i \le n\}$ and the edge set $E((P_n + P_1) \times P_2) = \{uu_i, vv_i, u_iv_i : 1 \le i \le n\} \cup \{ui_1u_{i+1}, v_iv_{i+1} : 1 \le i \le n-1\} \cup \{uv\}$.

a. Govindammal Aditanar Women's College, Tiruchendur

Scope Database Link: https://sdbindex.com/documents/00000316/00001-11588 Article Link: http://fs.unm.edu/IJMC/IJMC-1-2019.pdf

Manuscript ID: 00001-11588

International Journal of Mathematical Combinatorics

Volume 1, Issue , 2019, Pages 88-102, Page Count - 15



Source ID: 00000316

Z_k-Magic Labeling of Cycle of Graphs

P.Jeyanthi (1) K.Jeya Daisy (2)

Abstract

For any non-trivial Abelian group A under addition a graph G is said to be A-magic if there exists a labeling $f: E(G) \to A - \{0\}$ such that, the vertex labeling f^+ defined as $f^+(v) = \sum f(uv)$ taken over all edges uv incident at v is a constant. An A-magic graph G is said to be Z_k -magic graph if the group A is Z_k , the group of integers modulo k and these graphs are referred as k-magic graphs. In this paper we prove that the graphs such as cycle of generalized peterson, shell, wheel, closed helm, double wheel, triangular ladder, flower and lotus inside a circle are Z_k -magic graphs and also prove that if G is Z_k -magic graph and n is even then C(n,G) is Z_k -magic.

Author Keywords

A-Magic Labeling, Zk-Magic Labeling, Zk-Magic Graph, Cycle of Graphs, Smarandachely A-Magic

ISSN Print: Source Type: Journals Publication Language: English Abbreviated Journal Title: IJMC

Publisher Name: Madis of Chinese Academy of Sciences

Major Subject: Physical Sciences Subject area: Applied Mathematics ISSN Online: 1937-1055 Document Type: Journal Article

DOI:

Access Type: Open Access Resource Licence: CC BY-NC

Subject Area classification: Mathematics

Source: SCOPEDATABASE



⁽¹⁾ Department of Mathematics, Govindammal Aditanar College for Women, Tiruchendur, Tamil Nadu, India.

⁽²⁾ Department of Mathematics, Holy Cross College, Nagercoil, Kanyakumari, India.

a. Pioneer Kumara Swamy College, Nagercoil.

193 R. Chenthil Thanga Bama et.al/ Journal of Computational Information Systems 15: 1 (2019) 193-196

Distance Parameters for a Ferrers Graph

R. Chenthil Thanga Bama*

Department of Mathematics,

Manonmaniam Sundaranar University,

Tirunalveli.

S. Sujitha

Department of Mathematics,

Department of Mathematics,
Holy Cross College (Autonomous), Nagercoil.
E-mail: sujivenkit@gmail.com

S. Durai Raj

Department of Mathematics,

Pioneer Kumarasamy College, Nagercoil.

E-mail: durairajsprincpkc@gmail.com

*Corresponding author E-mail: chenthilthangabama@gmail.com

Abstract

A simple graph G = (V, E) is a Ferrers graph if for all distinct $x, y, z, w \in V$ if $xy \in E$ and $zw \in E$ then either $xw \in E$ on $z \in E$. Since $xy \in E \Leftrightarrow x \in E$ holds for all simple graphs, the definition of Ferrers graph must be extended to if $xy \in E$ and $xw \in E$ then either $xw \in E$ or $yz \in E$ or $yz \in E$ or $yz \in E$. It is shown that, for a ferrers graph $d(u,v) \le 3$ for all vertices $u, v \in V(G)$.

Keywords: Ferrers Graph, Ferrers Tree, Distance, Diameter, Radius.

AMS Subject Classification: 05C12

1. Introduction

By a graph G = (V, E), we mean a finite undirected connected graph without loops or multiple edges. The order and size of G are denoted by p and q respectively. The degree of a vertex v in a graph G is the number of edges of G incident with v and is denoted by deg_Gv or degv. A vertex of degree 0 in G is called an isolated vertex and a vertex of degree 1 is called a pendent vertex or an end-vertex of G. For vertices u and v in a connected graph G, the distance d(u, v) is the length of a shortest $u \rightarrow v$ path in G. If no such path exists (if the vertices lie in different connected components), then the distance is set equal to ∞ . The eccentricity (v) of a vertex v in G is the maximum distance from v and a vertex of G. The minimum eccentricity among the vertices of G is the radius, rad G or r(G) and the maximum eccentricity is its diameter, diam G of G. Two vertices u and v of G are antipodal if d(u, v) = diam G or d(G). A bipartite graph G is a graph whose vertex set V(G) can be partitioned into two subsets V_1 and V_2 such that every edge of G joins V_1 with V_2 ; (V_1, V_2) is called a bipartition of G. If G contains every edge joining V_1 and V_2 , then G is called a complete bipartite graph. The complete bipartite graph $K1_p$. A graph G is called a cyclic if it has no cycles. A connected acyclic graph is called a tree. A non-trivial path is a tree with exactly two end-vertices. A caterpillar is a tree of order 3 or more, for which the removal of all

Received: 20 Dec 2018/Accepted: 20 Jan 2019 Dr. 1553-9105 / Copyright © 2019 Binary Information Press

Dr. S. SUJITHA, M.Sc., B.Ed., M.Phil., Ph.D. ress
Assistant Professor,
Department of Mathematics
Holy Cross College (Autonomous)
Nagercoil - 629 004.

a. S.T. Hindu College, Nagercoil

204 L. Mary Jenitha et.al/ Journal of Computational Information Systems 15: 1 (2019) 204-207

The Average Connectivity of an Arithmetic Graph

L. Mary Jenitha*

Department of Mathematics, Manonmaniam Sundaranar University, Tirunelveli.

S. Sujitha

Department of Mathematics,

Holy Cross College (Autonomous), Nagercoil.

E-mail: jsujivenkit@gmail.com

B. Uma Devi

Department of Mathematics,

S.T. Hindu College, Nagercoil.

E-mail: umasub1968@gmailcom

*Corresponding author E-mail: jeni.mathematics@gmail.com

Abstract

The average connectivity $\overline{\kappa}(G) = \frac{\sum_{u,v} \kappa_G(u,v)}{\binom{n}{2}}$, $\kappa G(u,v)$ is defined to be the maximum value of k for which u and v are k-connected. In this paper, we consider the concept of the average connectivity of an arithmetic graph. It is shown that $\overline{\kappa}(G) \leq \frac{\left[(c-2)\binom{n-\beta}{2}+(c-\beta)\binom{\beta}{2}+(c-\beta)^2\beta\right]}{\binom{n}{2}}$ where v is the order and β is an independence number of an arithmetic graph. Also, it is clear that, if a_1 is increasing then $\overline{\kappa}(G)$ is decreasing for an arithmetic graph G = Vn, where $n = P_1^{a_1} \times P_2$.

Keywords: Average Connectivity, Arithmetic Graph, Total Connectivity.

AMS subject classification: 05C12

1. Introduction

A graph G is an ordered triple $(V(G), E(G), \Psi_G)$ consisting of an nonempty set V(G) of vertices, a set E(G) of edges and an incidence function Ψ_G that associates with each edge of G an unordered pair of vertices of G. The number of vertices in G is denoted by v = |V(G)| is called the *order* of G while the number of edges in G is denoted by v = |E(G)| is called the *size* of the graph G. A graph of order v and size is called (v, ε) graph. A graph is *simple* if it has no loops and no two of its links join the same pair of vertices. A simple graph in which each pair of distinct vertices is joined by an edge is called *complete graph*. The degree of a vertex v in a graph G is the number of edges of G incident with v and is denoted by dv or d(v). A vertex of degree one is called a pendent vertex or an end vertex of G. The maximum and minimum degree of a graph G is denoted by dv of dv or respectively.

A vertex v of G is a cut vertex if E can be partitioned into E_1 and E_2 such that $G[E_1]$ and $G[E_2]$ have just the vertex v in common. A bipartite graph G is a graph whose vertex set V(G) can be partitioned into two subsets V_1 and V_2 such that every edge of G joins V_1 with V_2 ; (V1, V2) is a bipartition of G. A graph G is called acyclic if it has no cycles. A connected acyclic graph is called a tree. A non trivial path is a tree with exactly two end vertices. A family of paths in G is spid to be internally disjoint if no vertex of G is

5 SUJITHA, M.Sc., B.Ed., M.Phil., Ph.D.

Received: 20 Dec 2018/Accepted: 20 Jan 2019
Assistant Professor,
1553-9105 / Copyright © 2019 Binary Information Parament of Mathematics
10-y Cross College (Autonomous)
Nagercoil - 629 004.



a. Good Shepherd College of Education, Nagercoil

 $\begin{array}{l} {\rm ISSN:~2456\text{--}8686,~Volume~4,~Issue~1,~2020:9\text{--}16} \\ {\rm DOI:~http://doi.org/10.26524/cm62} \end{array}$



Journal of Computational Mathematica

Open Access

Hausdorff Property of G^{++-} , G^{+-+} and their Complement Graphs

Angel Jebitha MK and Nisa Y²

¹Department of Mathematics, Holy Cross College (Autonomous), Nagercoil 629004, Tamil Nadu, India.

²Department of Mathematics, Good Shepherd College of Education, Nagercoil 629004, Tamil Nadu, India.

Abstract

A simple graph G is said to be Hausdorff graph if for any two vertices u and v of G satisfy at least one of the following conditions: [1] both u and v are isolated [2] either u or v is isolated [3] there exists two non-adjacent edges e_1 and e_2 of G such that e_1 is incident with u and e_2 is incident with v. In this paper, we discuss Hausdorff property on some specific transformation graphs namely G^{++-} , G^{--+} , G^{--+} and G^{-+-} .

Key words: Hausdorff graph, transformation graph AMS classification: 05C76, 05C99.

1. Introduction

In [10], Wu Baoyindureng and Meng Jixiang introduced and studied eight types of transformation graph. These transformation graphs have been studied separately by several authors [1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7].

Let G=(V(G),E(G)) be a simple undirected graph and x,y,z be three variables taking values + or -. The transformation graph G^{xyz} is the graph having $V(G) \cup E(G)$ as the vertex set, and for $\alpha, \beta \in V(G) \cup E(G)$, α and β are adjacent in G^{xyz} if and only if one of the following holds: (i) for $\alpha, \beta \in V(G)$, α and β are adjacent in G if x=+; α and β are not adjacent in G if x=-.(ii) for $\alpha, \beta \in E(G)$, α and β are adjacent in G if y=+; α and β are not adjacent in G if y=-.(iii) for $\alpha \in V(G), \beta \in E(G), \alpha$ and β are incident in G if z=+; α and β are not incident in G if z=-.

Page 9 of 16



^{1*}angeljebitha@holycrossngl.edu.in , 2nisavijaya96@gmail.com,

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS SF

- 1. Research Collaboration Joint Author Publication
- a. Anna University, Tirunelveli Region, Tirunelveli
- b. S.T.Hindu College, Nagercoil.



Malaya Journal of Matematik, Vol. 8, No. 2, 683-689, 2020

https://doi.org/10.29837/MJM0802/0081

The geodetic vertex covering number of a graph

V.M. Arul Flower Mary¹, J. Anne Mary Leema^{2*}, P. Titus³ and B. Uma Devi⁴

Abstract

A subset S of vertices in a connected graph G of order at least two is called a geodetic vertex cover if S is both a geodetic set and a vertex covering set. The minimum cardinality of a geodetic vertex cover is the geodetic vertex covering number of G denoted by $g_a(G)$. Any geodetic vertex cover of cardinality $g_a(G)$ is a g_a -set of G. Some general properties satisfied by geodetic vertex covering number of a graph are studied. The geodetic vertex covering number of several classes of graphs are determined. Some bounds for $g_a(G)$ are obtained and the graphs attaining these bounds are characterized. A few realization results are given for the parameter $g_{\alpha}(G)$

Keywords

Geodesic, geodetic set, vertex covering set, geodetic vertex cover, geodetic vertex covering number.

AMS Subject Classification

05012.

^{1,3}Department of Mathematics, Holy Cross College (Autonomous), Affiliated College of Manormaniam Sundaranar University. Nagercoli-629002, Tamil Nadu, India.

*Department of Mathematics, Anne University, Trunsiveli Region, Trunsivel-627007, Tamil Nedz, India.

*Department of Mathematics, S.T. Hindu College, Affiliated to Manonmenium Sundarener University, Negarcoli-629002, Tamil Nedu, India.

"Corresponding author." | eruffowermery@gmeil.com; "ennemery88me@gmeil.com; " titusvino@yehoo.com;

Article History: Received 11 January 2020; Accepted 24 April 2020

60000 MJM

Contents

1	Introduction	683
2	The Geodetic Vertex Cover of a Graph	684
3	Realization Regults	687
	References	688

1. Introduction

For basic graph theoretic terminology and basic definitions not given here we refer to Harary [5]. We consider finite, undirected, connected graphs without loops and multiple edges. Denote the number of vertices and edges of a graph G as n = |V(G)| and m = |E(G)| respectively. A vertex v is a simplicial vertex or an extreme vertex of G if the subgraph induced by its neighbors is complete.

Let I[u,v] denote the set consisting of u,v, and all the vertices lying on a u-v geodesic and for $S\subseteq V(G)$, I[S] denote the union of all I[u,v] for $u,v\in S$. The geodetic number g(G)of G is the minimum cardinality of its geodetic sets and any geodetic set of cardinality g(G) is a minimum geodetic set or a g-set of G. The geodetic number of a graph was introduced in [1, 6] and further studied in [2-4]. A subset $S \subseteq V(G)$ is bounds attained by this parameter. Also few realization re-

called a versex covering set of G if every edge has at least one end point in S. A vertex covering set with minimum cardinality is a minimum vertex covering set of G. The vertex covering number of G is the cardinality of any minimum vertex covering set of G denoted as $\alpha(G)$. The vertex covering number of a graph was studied in [7]

A set of vertices (edges) in a graph G is independent if no two of the vertices (edges) are adjacent. The independence number $\beta(G)$ of G is the maximum number of vertices in an independent set of vertices of G. By a matching in a graph G, we mean an independent set of edges in G. A caserpillar is a tree of order 3 or more, the removal of whose end vertices produces a path called the spine of the caterpillar. A graph Gis called triangle free if it does not contain cycles of length 3. A subset $S \subseteq V(G)$ is a dominating set if every vertex in V - Sis adjacent to at least one vertex in S. A geodetic dominating set of G is a subset S of vertices which is both a geodetic set and a dominating set. The minimum cardinality of a geodetic dominating set of a graph G is its geodetic domination number denoted by $\gamma_g(G)$

In this paper, we define geodetic vertex covering number $g_{\alpha}(G)$ of a graph and initiate a study of this parameter. We



DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS

- 1. Research Collaboration Joint Author Publication
- a. S.T. Hindu College, Nagercoil





Volume 9, Part 3, 2019, Pages 528-534

Albumen Assisted Green Synthesis of NiFe₂O₄ Nanoparticles and Their Physico-Chemical Properties

P. Aji Udhaya ^a △ ☒, M. Meena ^b

Show more ✓

+ Add to Mendeley ≪ Share 55 Cite

https://doi.org/10.1016/j.matpr.2018.10.372 🗷

Get rights and content ス

Abstract

Spinel ferrites with general formula AB₂O₄ possess fascinating magnetic and electrical properties due to their thermal and chemical firmness. Nickel ferrite (NiFe2O4) is one of the most vital spinel ferrite having inverse spinel structure showing ferrimagnetism that originates from magnetic moment of anti-parallel spins linking the metal ions (Ni²⁺ and Fe³⁺). Here a simple technique of self-combustion with aid of albumen is made to synthesize nano crystalline Nickel ferrite (NiFe2O4) particles. The egg white (albumen) used in the synthesis process plays the role of fuel in the combustion process. The powder X-ray diffraction (PXRD) and Fourier Transform Infrared Spectroscopy (FTIR) results indicated that the synthesized nanoparticles are of single phase and show evidence of spinel structure. The Photoluminescence studies showed a doublet peat at 360-380nm. Also the functional groups present in the synthesized nanoparticles was found using FTIR, EDX results give account of the percentage composition of the elements Fe, Ni and O present in the synthesized sample. The Field Emission Scanning Microscope (FESEM) reveals the agglomerated nature of ferrite nanoparticles. Magnetic moment and retentivity of the as synthesized nickel ferrite (NiFe2O4) nanoparticles were obtained using Vibrating Sample Magnetometer (VSM). Dielectric properties of the as prepared samples were measured by two-probe method for various frequencies ranging from 100Hz-1MHz

- 2. Research Collaboration Joint Author Publication
- a. St. John's College, Anchal, Kollam 691306, Kerala, India



Spectrochimica Acta Part A: Molecular and Biomolecular Spectroscopy



Volume 228, 5 March 2020, 117802

Spectroscopic investigation of supramolecular organometallic compound L-threonine cadmium acetate monohydrate

<u>ıbila Jeba Queen M</u>ab 🙎 🖂 , <u>Bright K.C</u>c, <u>Mary Delphine S</u>a, <u>Aji Udhaya P</u>a

how more V

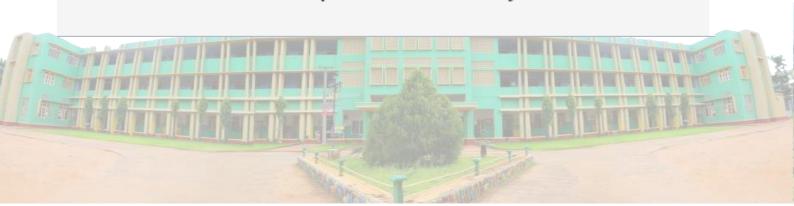
占 Add to Mendeley 🛭 Share 🍠 Cite

ttps://doi.org/10.1016/j.saa.2019.117802 7

Get rights and content 7

Highlights

- A new [Cd (C₂H₃O₂) (C₄H₈NO₃) (H₂O)] H₂O crystal prepared by the chemical reaction between L-Threonine and Cadmium acetate.
- The asymmetric structural unit tends to increase the ionic polarization, which results better dielectric material.
- Low <u>UV absorption</u> ability might be used as a corrosion resistant semiconductor material for optical device fabrication system.



DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY

1. Research Collaboration – Joint Author Publication

a. Department of Chemistry, Women Christian College (Autonomous), Nagercoil

Think India Journal



ISSN: 0971-1260Vol-22, Special Issue-19
International Conference on
Multidisciplinary Research in Global Challenges and
Perspectives of Sustainable Development
on 21th December 2019 aSt, Jerome's College, Anandhanadarkudy,
Nagercoil, Tamihadu, India



Green Synthesis oF Manganese Oxide Nanoparticles and Characterization USING Uv- Vis and Ftir Spectroscopy

L.Deva Vijila, G.Leema Rose, S.Aavila Thanga Bhoosan

Research Scholar(Reg. No. 11089), Women's Christian.College, Affiliated to Manonmanium Sundaranar University, Thirunelveli.
Department of Chemistry, Holy Cross College (Autonomous), Nagercoil.
Department of Chemistry, Women's Christian College, Nagercoil.

Abstract

Green methods of synthesis of nanoparticles have various advantages over chemical methods. Manganese oxide nanomaterials are biosynthesized from manganese (II) chloride using medicinal plant extracts Acalypha indica, Cassia occidentalis, Cleome viscosa, Euphorbia hirta and Ecbolium ligustrinum as reducing agents. The resulting nanoparticles are characterized using UV+ Vis and FTIR. The UV+ Vis absorbance peak from 265 – 269 nm indicates the formation of Manganese oxide nanoparticles. The FTIR results of all the samples confirm the formation of manganese oxide nanoparticles.

Key Words: Manganese oxide, green methods, reducing agents, Ecbolium ligustrinum, Cassia occidentalis.

INTRODUCTION

Medicinal plant extracts play very important role in our daily life [1] The increase in environmental pollution motivates us to think of an alternative way of synthesizing nanoparticles that can be carried out in an environmentally friendly manner. Plant extracts can play a vital role in synthesizing nanoparticles. Hundreds of plant extracts are found to have the capacity of reducing metal salts to their corresponding metal oxides. Plant mediated synthesis reduces the expense of synthesizing nanoparticles and follows green methods [2,3,4]. Medicinal plant extracts using alcohol as solvent posses a large number of organic compounds which helps in reducing metal salts to the corresponding nano metal oxides. Leaves of five medicinal plants Acalypha indica, Cassia occidentalis, Cleome viscosa, Euphorbia hirta and Echolium ligustrinum were selected for the study.

Materials and methods

The leaves of medicinal plants like.4calypha indica, Cassia occidentalis, Cleome viscosa, Euphorbia hirta and Ecbolium ligustrinum were collected from Kurusady village, Kanyakumari District, Tamilnadu and shade dried. The dried leaves were powdered in a mixer grinder and extracted using ethyl alcohol in a soxhlet extractor. Manganese (II) chloride was purchased from Merck Life Science Private Limited, India. 25 grams of

P a g e | 364 Copyright © 2019Authors

DEPARTMENT OF BOTANY

1. Research Collaboration – Joint Author Publication

- a. Sri Paramakalyani Centre for Environmental Sciences, Centre for Excellence in Environmental Sciences, Manonmaniam Sundaranar University, Alwarkurichi, Tirunelveli,
- b. Department of Biomedical Science and Technology, Noorul Islam Centre for Higher Education, Kumaracoil-629180, Tamil Nadu



M. Anınachalam et al., IJSRR 2019, 8(1), 833-837

Research article

Available online www.ijsrr.org ISSN: 2279-0543

International Journal of Scientific Research and Reviews

Prevalence of Laccase Producing Endophytic Microbes in Musa acuminata and Heveabrasiliensis Roots

J. Albino Wins¹, M.Aru nachalam^{1*} and M.Mu rugan²

¹Sri Paramakalyani Centre for Environmental Sciences, Centre for Excellence in Environmental Sciences, Manonmaniam Sundaranar University, Alwarkurichi – 627412, Tirunelveli, Tamil Nadu ²Department of Biomedical Science and Technology, Noorul Islam Centre for Higher Education, Kumaracoil-629180, Tamil Nadu

ABSTRACT

The present investigation clearly focuses on isolating, screening and biochemical characterization of laccase producing entophytic bacteria from the root samples of Musa acuminate and Hevea Brasiliensis. In this study, Musa acuminate showed 18 distinct morphological colonies and Hevea Brasiliensis Exhibited 10 distinct colonies. Among the 28 colonies isolated, 9 colonies showed laccase producing capabilities. These isolates were identified by morphological, cultural and biochemical characteristics. The identified species were Bacillus sp., Klebsiellasp., Pseudomonas sp., Clavobactersp., Micrococcus sp., Xanthomonassp., Enterobactersp., Serratiasp. And Escherichia coli.

KEYWORDS: Enzymes, Laccase, Endophytes, Microorganisms,

*Corresponding Author

J. Albino Wins

Sri Paramakalyani Centre for Environmental Sciences,

Centre for Excellence in Environmental Sciences,

Alwarkurichi, Tirunelveli - 627,

Tamil Nadu, India

Email: winsbt@gmail.com



- a. Department of Botany and Microbiology, College of Science, King Saud University, P.O. Box 2455 Riyadh, Saudi Arabia
- b. Department of Clinical Laboratory Sciences, College of Applied Medical Sciences, King Saud University, P.O. Box 10219, Riyadh 11433, Saudi Arabia



Saudi Journal of Biological Sciences



Volume 27, Issue 2, February 2020, Pages 757-761

Original article

In-vitro antibacterial, antioxidant potentials and cytotoxic activity of the leaves of Tridax procumbens

```
Asad Syed **, Natarajan Benit **, Abdullah A. Alyousef ** (2) ** Abdulaziz Alqasim **,

Mohammed Arshad **

Show more **

+ Add to Mendeley ** Share ** Cite

https://doi.org/10.1016/j.sjbs.2019.12.031 **

Under a Creative Commons license **

• open access
```

Abstract

The present study explored the phytochemicals, antibacterial, antioxidant and cytotoxic effect of *Tridax procumbens* leaves. The leaves were dried and extracted with various organic solvents. The leaves contained the phytochemicals such as alkaloids, carbohydrates, polyphenols and <u>tannins</u> respectively. Antimicrobial potentials of the extracts were determined by performing the disc diffusion techniques. Results revealed that different organic solvents extracts namely methanol, ethanol and ethyl acetate extracts documented comparatively good activity against the studied microbial strains. The methanol extract of leaves of *T. procumbens* showed combatively better antioxidant potential. The tested plant leaf extract showed high activity against human lung cancer cells than breast cancer cell lines. 250µg/ml plants extract showed 84±2.8% toxicity against human lung cancer cells.

a. Department of Biomedical Engineering, Noorul Islam University, Kumaracoil

© 2020 IJRAR March 2020, Volume 7, Issue 1

www.ijrar.org (E-ISSN 2348-1269, P- ISSN 2349-5138)

SSCREENING OF FUNGAL ISOLATES PRODUCING LACCASES FROM SOIL SOURCES AND TREE BARKINGS

J.Albino Wins1 and M.Murugan2

1. Department of Botany, Holy Cross College (Autonomous), Nagercoil,

(Affliated to Manonmaniam Sundaranar University, Tirunelveli)

2. Department of Biomedical Engineering, Noorul Islam University, Kumaracoil.

Abstract:

The enzyme laccase (p-diphenol: oxygenoxidoreductase; EC 1.10.3.2) is known to degrade many phenolic aromatic compounds. This enzyme is found in many plant species and is widely distributed in fungi including wood-rotting fungi where it is often associated with lignin peroxidase or manganese dependent peroxidase, or both. Fungi can exploit marginal living conditions in large part because they produce unusual enzymes capable of performing chemically difficult reactions In present study, 13fungal strains were isolated on PDA plate containing the 0.02% guaiacol. Out of these 13 isolates, only 10 fungal isolates showed reddish brown zones on the medium. The most potent fungal strain for laccase production was screened on 0.06% guaiacol containing PDA medium.

Keywords:

Laccases, Fungal strains, Guaiacol, Potato Dextrose Agar.

1. Introduction

Laccases belongs to multinuclear copper-containing oxidase and can act on a variety of aromatic and non-aromatic compounds. Due to their broad substrate specificity, they are considered as a promising candidate in various industrial and biotechnological sectors. Laccases are p-diphenol:dioxygen oxidoreductase belonging to the family of multi-copper proteins. Laccases have the ability to oxidize a wide range of aromatic and non-aromatic compounds which includes substituted phenols, some inorganic ions, and variety of non-phenolic compounds. Laccases have high catalytic efficiency and are used for technical applications in various industrial and biotechnological domains ¹, which includes improving properties of fibers, bio-synthesis, energy exploitation, environmental protection, bio-detection, degradation of synthetic dyes, printing and dyeing industry, bio-pulping in paper industry, conversion of aromatic compounds, and removal of phenols which causes cancer and teratogenicity when present in waste water ².